EVENTS IN 1940

- Selective Service Act signed.
- The first Social Security benefit checks are paid out (Jan 30).
- The Pennsylvania Turnpike opens. It is the first multilane U.S. superhighway.
- The first Los Angeles freeway opens.
- The first McDonald's hamburger stand opens in Pasadena, Calif.

Stamps from the year 1940

The United States post office issued the following number of stamps in 1940:

44 Commemorates

Name of Stamp	Stamp lesue Date	City Stamp Was Issued From
American Authors - Fr	mous Americans	Commemorative Issue
Washington Irving 1¢	January 29 th	Tarrytown, New York
James Fenimore Cooper 20	January 29 th	Cooperstown, New York
Raiph Waldo Emerson 3¢	February 5 th	Boston, Massachusetts
Louisa May Alcott 5¢	February 5 th	Concord, Massachusetts
Samuel L. Clemens 100	February 13th	Hannibal, Missouri
American Poets - Fam	ous Americans C	ommemorative Issue
Henry Wadsworth Longfellow 1¢	February 16 th	Portland, Maine
John Greenleaf Whittier 2¢	February 16 th	Haverhill, Massachusetts
James Russell Lowell 30	February 20th	Cambridge, Massachusetts
Walt Whitman 5¢	February 20th	Camden, New Jersey
James Whitcomb Riley 10¢	February 24th	Greenfield, Indiana
American Educators -	Famous America	ns Commemorative Issue
Horace Mann 1¢	March 14 th	Boston, Massachusetts
Mark Hopkins 2¢	March 14 th	Williamstown, Massachusetts
Charles W. Eliot 3¢	March 28 th	Cambridge, Massachusetts
Frances E. Willard 50	March 28 th	Evanston, Illinois
Booker T. Washington 100	April 7 ^m	Tuskegee Institute, Alabama

Name of Stamp	Stamp Issue Date	City Stamp Was Issued From
American Scientists - F	amous American	s Commemorative Issue
John James Audubon 10	April 8 th	St. Francisville, Louisiana
Crawford W. Long 20	April 8 th	Jefferson, Georgia
Luther Burbank 3¢	April 17th	Santa flosa, California
Dr. Waiter Reed 50	April 17th	Washington, D.C.
Jane Addams 10¢	April 26 th	Chicago, Illinois
American Composers -	Famous America	ins Commemorative Issue
Stephen C. Foster 1¢	May 3 rd	Bardstown, Kentucky
John Philip Souse 20	May 3 rd	Washington, D.C.
Victor Herbert 30	May 13th	New York, New York
Edward A. MacDowell SC	May 13"	Peterborough, New Hampshire
Ethelbert Nevin 30¢	June 10th	Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
American Artist - Fami	ous Americans Co	mmemorative Issue
Gilbert Charles Stuart 1¢	September 5 th	Narragansett, Rhode Island
James A, McNeil Whistler 20	September 5 th	Lowell, Massachusetts
Augustus Saint- Gaudens 3¢	September 15 th	New York, New York
Daniel Chester French 5¢	September 16**	Stockbridge, Massachusetts
Frederic Remington 10¢	September 30 th	Canton, New York
American inventors - I	Famous American	s Commemorative Issue
Ell Whitney 15	October 7 th	Savannah, Georgia
Samuel Morse 2¢	October 7 th	New York, New York
Cyrus Hall McCormick 3¢	October 14 th	Lexington, Virginia
Elias Howe S¢	October 14th	Spencer, Massachusetts
Alexander G. Bell 100	October 28 th	Boston, Massachusetts
Commemoratives	English Salara and Property	
Pony Express Rider 30	April 3 rd	St. Joseph, MO & Sacramento, Co

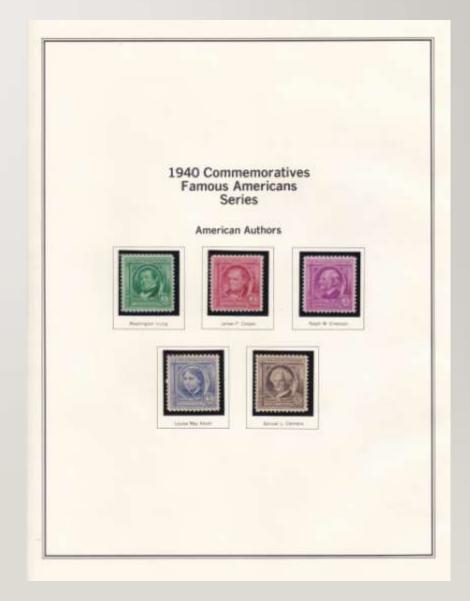
Name of Stamp	Stamp Issue Date	City Stamp Was Issued From
Pam-Am Union 3¢	April 14 th	Washington, D.C.
Idaho Statehood 34	July 3 rd	Boise, Idaho
Wyoming Statehood 3¢	July 10 th	Cheyenne, Wyoming
Coronado Expedition 3¢	September 7 th	Albuquerque, New Mexico
Nation Defense Issue	Annual Control of the	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Statue of Liberty 1¢	October 16 th	Washington, D.C.
Ant-Aircraft Gun 2¢	October 16 th	Washington, D.C.
Torch 3¢	October 16 th	Washington, D.C.
Commemorative		
Emancipation 3¢	October 20	World's Fair, NY

This custom stamp album contains the following categories of stamps:

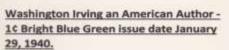
- * Single mint
- · Mint plate blocks
- · First day of issue cover

Each stamp within the album has a caption about the stamp.

FAMOUS AMERICAN AUTHORS







Irving was most famous for writing "The Legend of Sleepy Hollow" and "Rip Van Winkle."









James Fenimore Cooper an American
Author - 2¢ Rose Carmine issue date
January 29, 1940. His best-known works
are the "Leatherstocking Tales," They
include "Last of the Mohicans," "The
Pathfinder," and "The Deerslayer."







Ralph Walto Emerson an American Author - 3¢ Bright Red Violet issue date February

5, 1940. Emerson was an American philosopher whose essays made him the leading spokesman for the "American Transcendentalism" movement. Some of his best-known works included "Self-Reliance" and "Nature."







Louisa May Alcott an American Author - 5¢ Ultramarine issue date February 5, 1940.

This stamps honors Louisa May Alcott, a novelist who gained financial success writing under the name "A.M. Barnard." But she achieved literary immortality when she wrote "Little Women" under her own name. The tale of four sisters – Jo, Meg, Beth, and Amy – has become one of the most beloved stories in American literature.





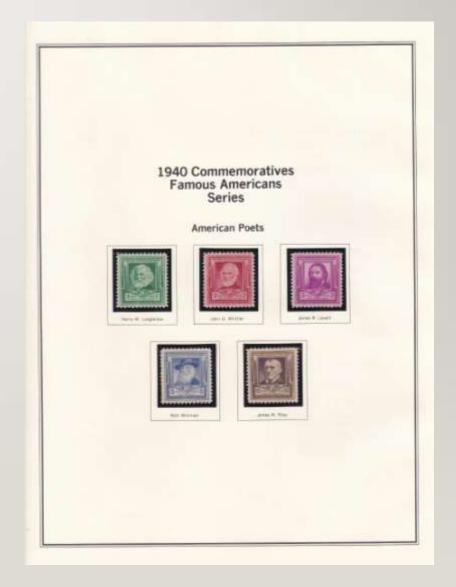


Samuel L. Clements an American Author 10c Dark Brown issue date February 13,
1940. Clements is far better known by his
chosen name of "Mark Twain." Twain
gained fame as both an author and a
humorist, and was renowned for his wit. His
stories of life on the Mississippi River
typically included sharp critiques on
people's behavior.





FAMOUS AMERICAN POETS





Henry Wadsworth Longfellow - 1¢ Bright Blue Green issue date Febuary 16,1940. Henry Wadsworth Longfellow wrote poems that often-featured subjects of myths and legends. His "Song of Hiawatha," "Evangeline," and "Paul Revere's Ride" made him one of America's most respected poets.

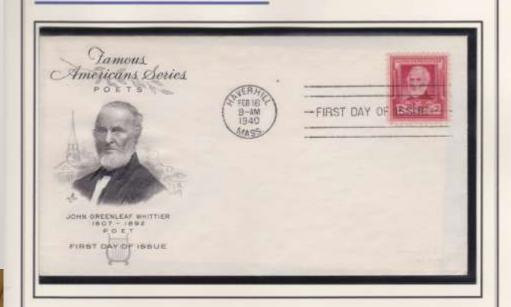






John Greenleaf Whittier - 2¢ Rose Carmine issue date February 16, 1940. Whittier was one of the "Fireside Poets" – a group of American poets who rivaled classic British poets in fame and success. Known as the "Quaker Poet" for his religious beliefs, Whittier was a passionate abolitionist. His work gives a detailed view of 19th century life.



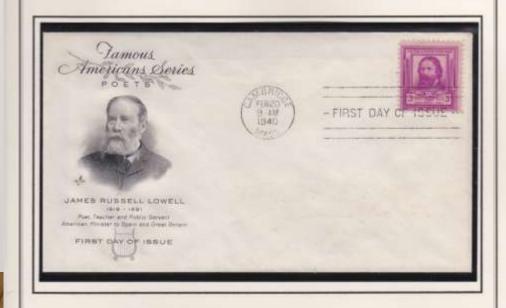




James Russell Lowell American Poet - 3¢ Bright Red Violet issue date Febuary 20, 1940.

Lowell was the editor of "The Atlantic Monthly," a prominent literary magazine of national renown. He used both the magazine and his poetry to share his views on topics like slavery and the Mexican-American War.



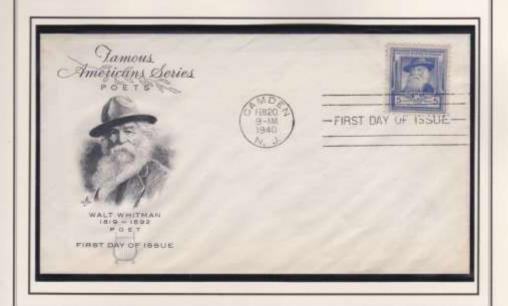




Walt Whitman an American Poet - 5¢ Ultramarine issue date February 20,1940.

Called the "Father of Free Verse," Walt Whitman's controversial style captured the imagination of his readers. Whitman spent years constantly updating his best-known work – the masterpiece poetry collection called "Leaves of Grass." His poem, "O Captain! My Captain!" gave voice to a nation's grief following the assassination of Abraham Lincoln.







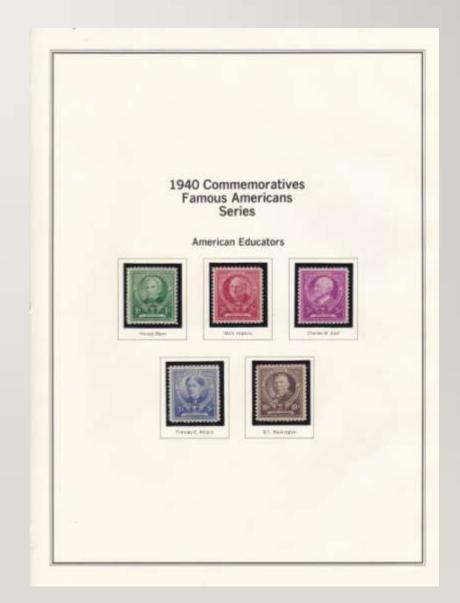
James Whutcomb Riley an American Poet -10¢ Dark Brown issue date February 24, 1940.

James Whitcomb Riley, a poet best known for revealing the culture of America's Midwest. Riley's popularity during his lifetime was so great that newly elected President Benjamin Harrison suggested Riley be named "poet laureate" (nation's official poet) – an honor that was not granted to any U.S. poet until the 1930s.





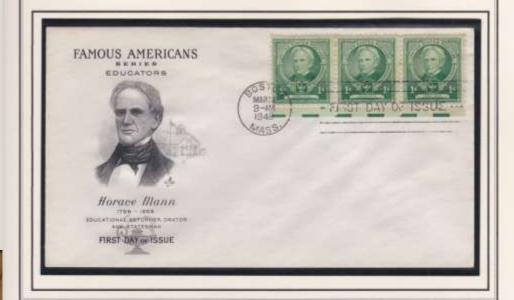
FAMOUS AMERICAN EDUCATORS





Horace Mann an American Educator - 16 Bright
Blue Green issue date March 14, 1940. Mann,
whose interest in education began with a
position as secretary on the Massachusetts
Board of Education in 1837. He also developed
Massachusetts' "normal school" system
(schools to train teachers). Mann's work at
revamping Massachusetts's education
influenced reform in other states, as well.



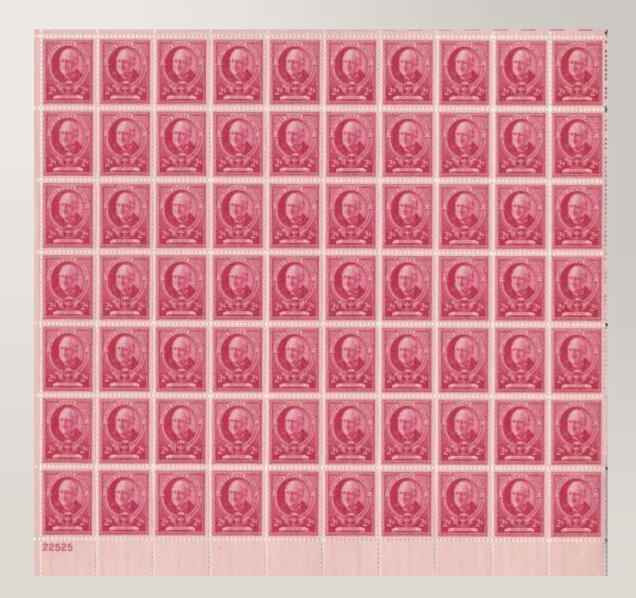




Mark Hopkins an American Educator - 2¢ Rose Carmine Issue date March 14, 1940. Hopkins, was president of Williams College in Williamstown, Massachusetts, for 36 years. His influence was so great that U.S. President James Garfield once called a university "Mark Hopkins on one end of a log and a student on the other." As a theologian, he was a professor of Moral Philosophy and Rhetoric, and his essays "Evidences of Christianity" became an influential textbook in the 19th century.









Charles William Eliot - Educator - 3¢ Bright
Red Violet issue date March 28, 1940. Eliot
published an article in "The Atlantic Monthly"
called "The New Education." He wrote, "We
are fighting a wilderness, physical and
moral. For this fight we must be well trained
and armed." That same year Eliot became the
youngest president of Harvard, at age 35. He
served as president for 40 years, reforming
the university and empowering Harvard's rise
to the forefront of American institutions.







Frances Elizabeth Willard an American Educator - 5¢ Ultramarine issue date March 28, 1940.

Willard, became president of the Evanston College for Ladies in 1871. Two years later, it merged with Northwestern University and Willard was named Dean of Women for the Women's College. Willard's greatest impact was in the suffrage and temperance movements. She was a strong advocate of a woman's right to vote.



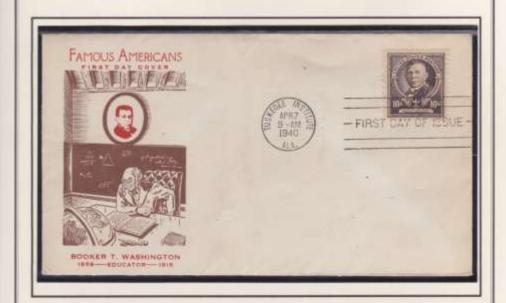




Booker T. Washington an American Educator - 10¢ Dark Brown issue date April 7, 1940.

It was the first time an African American was pictured on a U.S. postage stamp. Washington was born a slave, and after the Civil War he worked his way through the Hampton Institute and Wayland Seminary. In 1881, at age 25, he was named the first president of the newly created Tuskegee Institute.





FAMOUS AMERICAN SCIENTISTS





John James Audubon an American
Scientists - 3¢ Bright Blue Green issue date
April 8, 1940. A most well-known wildlife
artist. His "Birds of America" publication
was the product of 14 years of observations
in nature and remains an inspiration for
naturalists.







Dr. Crawford W. Long an American Scientists - 2¢ Rose Carmine issue date April 18, 1940.

In 1842, Long became the first person to use ether on a patient in surgery in Jefferson, Georgia. He published the effects of ether as an anesthetic/pain-killer in the "Southern Medical and Surgical Journal," helping influence its widespread use among other doctors.







Luther Burbank an American Scientists - 3C Bright Red Violet issue date April 17, 1940.

A plant breeder for over 50 years, Burbank raised hundreds of thousands of plants, resulting in over 113 new varieties of fruits, vegetables, and ornamental plants.







Dr. Walter Reed an American Scientists -5¢ Ultramarine issue date April 17, 1940.

Dr. Walter Reed, a U.S. Army physician who established that yellow fever, a deadly infectious disease, was transmitted by mosquitoes. Reed's breakthrough helped wipe out the disease in Cuba and enabled work to resume on the Panama Canal. Reed died in 1902 of a burst appendix – a year after his lifesaving discovery.







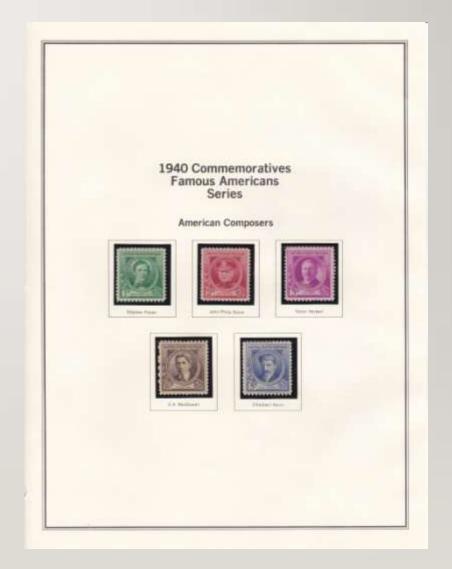
Jane Addams an American Scientists - 10¢ Dark Brown issue date April 26, 1940.

Addams was a social reformer who was the co-winner of the Nobel Peace Prize in 1931. She was most remembered as the founder of Hull House, which offered social, educational, and cultural opportunities to the large immigrant population of Chicago.





FAMOUS AMERICAN COMPOSERS





Stephen Collins Foster an American Composer - 1¢ Bright Blue Green issue date May 3, 1940.

Foster's songs were so popular they led to his nickname of the "father of American music." Foster wrote his songs in the mid-1800s, before dying at age 37. Despite his popularity, Foster died poor, with just 38 cents in his pocket. Foster is famous for folk songs such as "Oh! Susanna," "The Camptown Races," "Beautiful Dreamer," and "My Old Kentucky Home," now the state song of Kentucky.







John Philip Sousa an American Composer - 2¢ Rose Carmine issue date May 3, 1940. Sousa, was the Director of the U.S. Marine Corps Band. He was famous for his marches, including "Semper Fidelis (or the "Marine's Hymn), "Stars and Stripes Forever," and "The Washington Post March." Sousa's music style led to him gaining the nickname, the "March King."







Victor Herbert an American Composer - 3¢ Bright Red Violet issue date May 13, 1940.

Herbert became famous for composing operettas (short, light-hearted operas). His most famous work was "Babes in Toyland," which included characters from Mother Goose nursery rhymes in a Christmas-themed operetta. It also drew influence from the classic ballet, "The Nutcracker Suite."







Edward Alexander MacDowell an American
Composer - 5¢ Ultramarine issue date May
13, 1940. MacDowell known mainly for his
piano pieces and for helping establish an
independent American school. The MacDowell
Colony was a long-held dream of Edward and
his wife Marian — a place where artists could
share ideas and inspiration. It was established
in 1907, one year before his death.







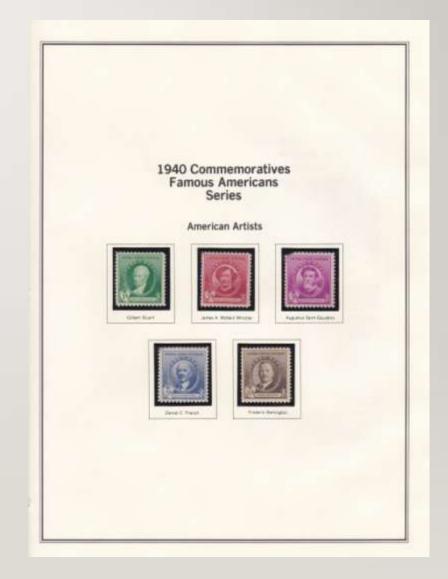
Ethelbert Nevin an American Composer - 10¢ Dark Brown issue date June 10, 1940.

Nevin, a famous composer of light songs and piano pieces. He studied in New York, Boston, and Berlin and wrote "Rosary" and "Mighty 'lak a Rose."





FAMOUS AMERICAN ARTISTS





Gilbert Charles Stuart - Artist - 16 Bright Blue Green issue date September 5, 1940. Stuart was just 19 years old when he traveled to England to study art in 1775. He had already proven himself to be a promising portrait painter, and the American Revolution threatened to disrupt his progress. More importantly, his portrait of George Washington provided the image that is used currently on the one-dollar bill.







James McNeill Whistler - 2¢ Rose Carmine issue date September 6,1940. James Whistler, was a popular U.S. painter who turned to art after dropping out of religious studies and West Point Army Academy. His painting "Whistler's Mother" is one of the most recognizable paintings in U.S. culture.







Augustus Saint-Gaudens - Artists - 3¢ Bright Red Violet issue date September 16, 1940.

His life-size works decorate many American cities. He's still regarded as America's greatest sculptor. Saint-Gaudens also designed coins for the U.S. Mint. He and his brother Louis established the "Cornish Art Colony," a retreat for artists in Cornish, New Hampshire.







Daniel Chester French - 5¢ Ultramarine issue date September 16,1940. Daniel Chester French, whose best-known work is the 30-foot-high statue of Abraham Lincoln, seated in the Lincoln Memorial. French also created the famous "Minute Man" statue in Concord, Massachusetts.







Frederic Remington - 10¢ Dark Brown issue date September 30, 1940. Frederic Remington, an American artist famous for his portrayals of the Wild West. Remington often accompanied soldiers and witnessed several skirmishes and battles – including Teddy Roosevelt's charge up San Juan Hill in the Spanish-American War. His statuettes usually featured cowboys, Indians, and soldiers on the Western plains.





FAMOUS AMERICAN INVENTORS





Eli Whitney an American Inventor - 1¢ Bright Blue Green issue date October 7, 1940.

Whitney's cotton gin helped shape the 19th century economy of the American South. He also developed the concept of "interchangeable parts," which allowed for mass production, instead of making them one at a time. First used to mass-produce muskets for the U.S. Army, Whitney's principles are often credited as the basis for the American system of manufacturing.







Samuel F.B. Morse an American Inventor - 3¢ Rose Carmine issue date October 7, 1940. Samuel Morse, was a U.S. artist and inventor. He was the first president of the National Academy of Design but is most remembered for inventing the telegraph.







Cyrus Hall McCormick an American Inventor -3¢ Bright Red Violet issue date October 14, 1940.

McCormick, who finalized plans for a horsedrawn reaper that cut and gathered crops. McCormick's father had worked on the concept for 28 years before passing the project to his son. The machine revolutionized farming techniques.







Elias Howe an American Inventor - 5¢ Ultramarine issue date October 14, 1940.

Elias Howe perfected the concept of the sewing machine and was the first man to successfully patent it in the U.S. Howe successfully defended his patent rights from Isaac Singer, earning large royalties from Singer's successful copy.







Alexander Gram Bell an American Inventor -10¢ Dark Brown issue date October 28, 1940.

Bell was the founder of the American
Association to Promote the Teaching of Speech
to the Deaf, inspired by his mother's
deafness. Bell is best known for his invention of
the telephone. His first words over a telephone
were to his assistant in the next room, saying,
"Mr. Watson, come here – I want to see you."



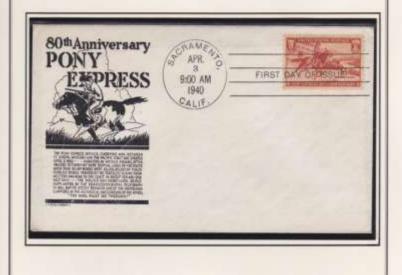


1940 COMMEMORATIVES





Pony Express Rider - 3¢ Henna Brown issue date April 3, 1940. This stamp was issued to commemorate the 80th anniversary of the Pony Express. It pictures a rider leaving a relay station with a parcel of mail.



Pony Express Rider - 3¢ issue date April 3, 1940. There were two First Day issue events in two different cities for this stamp, Sacramento, California and Saint Joseph, Missouri.





Pan-American Union - 3¢ Light Violet issue date April 14, 1940. This was issued to commemorate the 50° anniversary of the Pan-American Union. President Franklin Roosevelt specifically requested the stamp, which along with his own Good Neighbor Policy, promoted the closest bond ever made between the nations in the Western Hemisphere.

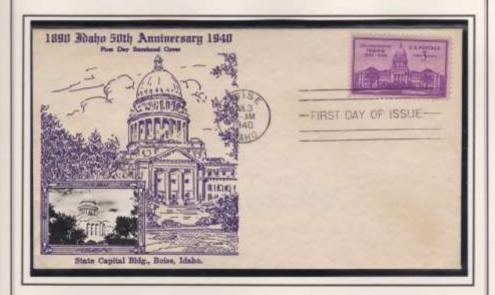












Idaho Statehood - 3¢ Bright Violet Issue date July 3, 1940. This stamp was issued to commemorate the 50th anniversary of Idaho's statehood. The stamp pictures the State Capitol at Boise, which was built in 1913.



Wyoming Statehood Seal - 3¢ Brown
Violet issue date July 10, 1940. This stamp
was issued to commemorate the 50th
anniversary of Wyoming's statehood. Since
the Idaho statehood stamp (issued just one
week before) pictured that state's capitol
building, President Franklin Roosevelt
suggested that the Wyoming stamp should
picture something else. The Wyoming
State Seal was selected.











Coronado Expedition - 3¢ Violet issue date September 7, 1940. The 1940 Coronado Expedition stamp commemorates the 400th anniversary of Francisco Vasquez de Coronado's two-year exploration of the American Southwest. The stamp features a reproduction of Gerald Cassidy's painting, Coronado and His Captains. The top right corner of the stamp features the Coronado coat of arms.





Statue of Liberty - 1¢ Bright Blue Green issue date October 16, 1940. This stamp was the first in a 3-stamp series issued to raise consciousness of the need for a strong national defense, which President Franklin Roosevelt considered especially important as World War II raged in Europe.





Pre-Canceled 1¢ Statue of Liberty Issue Year 1940





































Anti-Aircraft Gun - 2¢ Carmine issue date October 16, 1940. This stamp was the second in a 3-stamp series issued to raise consciousness of the need for a strong national defense, which President Franklin Roosevelt considered especially important as World War II raged in Europe. The stamp pictures a 90-millimeter anti-aircraft gun.





Pre-Canceled 2¢ Anti-Aircraft Gun Issue Year 1940 SILVER SMIRE





Torch of Freedom - 3¢ Bright Violet Issue date October 16, 1940, This stamp was the third in a 3-stamp series issued to raise consciousness of the need for a strong national defense, which President Franklin Roosevelt considered especially important as World War II raged in Europe. The stamp pictures a 90-millimeter anti-aircraft gun.



Pre-Canceled 3¢ Torch of Freedom Issue Year 1940

































